

MARINE RADAR
EQUIPMENT

RADAR 3000

FIELD SERVICE
MANUAL

JRC *Japan Radio Co., Ltd.*

C O N T E N T S

SECTION 1.	SPECIFICATIONS
SECTION 2.	TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION
SECTION 3.	TROUBLESHOOTING
SECTION 4.	MAINTENANCE
APPENDIX	PARTS LIST
	MECHANICAL ASSEMBLY DRAWING
	SCHEMATIC DRAWING

SECTION 1

SPECIFICATIONS

1.1 GENERAL

- | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|---|
| 1. Maximum range: | | 24 Nautical Miles |
| 2. Minimum range | | Less than 25 m on the. 125 NM range |
| 3. Range scales | Range
(NM) | Number of
Rings Range ring
Interval(NM) |
| | 0. 125 | 2 0.0625 |
| | 0. 25 | 2 0.125 |
| | 0. 5 | 2 0.25 |
| | 0. 75 | 3 0.25 |
| | 1. 5 | 6 0.25 |
| | 3. 0 | 6 0.5 |
| | 6. 0 | 6 1.0 |
| | 12. 0 | 6 2.0 |
| | 24. 0 | 6 4.0 |
| 4. Range discriminations: | | Less than 25 m |
| 5. Range rind accuracy: | | Better than ; $\pm 0.9\%$ of maximum
maximum range of the scale in use,
or 8 m, whichever is the greater. |
| 6. Bearing accuracy: | | ± 1 degree |
| 7. Display device: | | CRT: 7" (640 x480 dots) |
| 8. Environmental conditions: | | |
| Scanner unit | Temperature | - 15° C to +55° C |
| | Humidity | UP to 95% at 35° C |
| Display unit | Temperature | - 10° C to + 50° C |
| | Humidity | UP to 95% at 35° C |
| 9. Input power | | 10.2 V to 42V |
| 10. Power consumption: | | 65 W |
| 11. AVR | | Floating AVR system |

1.2 SCANNER UNIT

- | | | |
|---------------------------|------------|---|
| 1. Dimensions: | Diameter | 620mm |
| | Height | 275mm |
| 2. Weight: | Approx. | 9.5 Kg |
| 3. Polarization: | Horizontal | |
| 4. Beamwidth: | Horizontal | 4° nominal |
| | Vertical | 25° |
| 5. Sidelobes: | | -21 dB or greater |
| 6. Rotation: | Approx. | 27 rpm |
| 7. Transmitter frequency: | | 9410 \pm 30 MHz |
| 8. Peak power output: | | 4KW |
| 9. Pulse length/PRF: | | 0.08us/2250Hz (0. 125, 0. 25, 0. 5, 0. 75 NM) |
| | | 0.35us/1500Hz (1. 5, 3. 6 NM) |

- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| | 0.7us/750Hz (3, 6, 12, 24 NM) |
| 10. Duplexer: | T-junction with diode Limiter |
| 11. Mixer: | MIC frontend |
| 12. IF amplifier: | Center frequency 60 MHz |
| | Bandwidth 3/10 MHz |
| 13. Noise figure | Less than 6 dB |
| 14. Characteristic | Semi-Log |

1.3 DISPLAYUNIT

- | | |
|---------------------|--|
| 1. Dimensions: | Width 276 mm |
| | Depth 250 mm |
| | Height 204 mm |
| 2. Weight: | Approx. 6 Kg |
| 3. Mounting: | Table, Overhead, or Flush mount |
| 4. Video: | 8 levels quantitized |
| 5. Tuning: | Auto/ Manual |
| 6. Bearing scale: | 360° scale graduated at intervals of 1° |
| 7. VRM: | 3 digit readout |
| 8. EBL: | 3 digit readout |
| 9. Alarm: | Audible alarm with zone mark |
| 10. Off Center: | 2/3 radius |
| 11. Planned TX: | Rotation period 10, 20 or 30 scans |
| | Repetition period 3, 5, 10, 15 min. |
| 12. LANGUAGE: | English, Spanish, Norwegian |
| 13. Features: | VRM(2), EBL(2), Cursor with LL,
Interference rejection, Target expansion,
Target alarm, LL or TD readout, Waypoint
with LL, Offset, Timed TX, Target Trail,
Auto tune, Man Overboard |
| 14. External input: | |
| NAV-AID | NMEA0183 (RMA, RMB, RMC, GLL,
GTD, VTG, BWC sentence) NMEA0182 |
| Compass | NMEA0183 (HDM, HDT, VWH, or HSC sentence) |

SECTION 2

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL

The theory of operation for the Radar Set RADAR 3000 is presented here with descriptions following the functional block diagram circuits Figure 2-2.

2.2 RADOME ANTENNA UNIT

The Radome antenna unit consists of the RF PCB radiator, the motor/encoder assembly, radiator rotating mechanism, bearing reset assembly, and the transmitter/receiver units. These components are all housed within the 24.5" radome. The functional Block Diagram of Radome Antenna Unit appears in Figure 2-2.

2.2.1 RADIATOR

The RF PCB radiator forms the main RF transmitting beam for the radar transmitter and becomes the receiving antenna during the receive cycle. The beam formed by the phased array styled PCB at half power points is 4° horizontally and 25° vertically. The direction of the beam (maximum radiated power) is essentially perpendicular to the radiator surface.

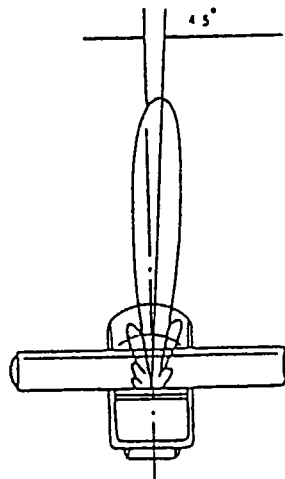


Fig. 2-1 RADIATOR PATTERN

